

**What is a judicial recount?**

A judicial recount is a formal way of verifying the votes cast in an electoral district. An application may be made to the Supreme Court for a judicial recount of some or all of the ballots cast in an election.

After the final count, the district electoral officer must ask for a judicial recount if the candidates with the most votes are tied or the top two candidates are separated by less than 1/500 of the total ballots considered.

Candidates or voters can also ask for a judicial recount if ballots were not counted properly.

**Who conducts a judicial recount?**

A Judge of the Supreme Court conducts the judicial recount.

**When can an application for a judicial recount be made?**

An application for a judicial recount must be made within six days of the declaration of official election results.

**Who can make an application for a judicial recount?**

An application for a judicial recount may only be made by:

- a voter in the electoral district for which the election was held
- a candidate or the representative of a candidate in the election
- the district electoral officer

[Election Act](#)